# Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Cable Onda

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 and the notes.

#### Overview

Founded in 1990, we are the leading provider of Pay-TV, broadband Internet, telephony and mobile telecommunications services in Panama, serving residential (B2C), business and government (B2B) customers. Through our "Cable Onda" brand, we are the largest fixed broadband Internet provider in Panama, with almost three times as many subscribers as the second-largest provider, and the largest fixed telephony provider to residential consumers. Through our wholly-owned subsidiary Grupo de Comunicaciones Digitales ("GCD", formerly Telefonica Moviles Panama), we provide mobile communications services across the most extensive 2G, 3G and 4G networks in the country. We also offer B2B services to governmental and SME corporate customers, including fixed Internet, cloud and backup solutions, outsourcing of both IT department management and operations, personalized IT projects, and cybersecurity. We are the mobile market leader as measured by the number of customers, serving 2.0 million mobile customers and more than 1.0 million fixed revenue generating units (RGUs) as of December 31, 2020.

Throughout our 30-year history, we have experienced significant organic growth, complemented by strategic acquisitions, which have helped us strengthen our position as the leading telecommunications provider in the country. Our growth has also been driven by our consistent investments to maintain, expand and upgrade our network capabilities to allow us to offer advanced communications and entertainment services with a high degree of reliability and customer satisfaction. As a result of these investments, our cable network today is entirely digital, employs the DOCSIS 3.0 standard. Our network also includes more than 11,500 km of HFC and more than 8,000 km of fiber, with more than 495,000 customer relationships.

#### **Recent Business Developments**

On August 29, 2019 we acquired 100% of the share capital of GCD for \$593.6 million from Telefónica Centroamérica Inversiones, S.L., which is owned, directly and indirectly by Telefónica S.A. ("Telefónica Panamá Acquisition"). The Telefónica Panamá acquisition is consistent with our strategy to solidify our telecom market leadership, enhance our existing mobile services, continue improving and increasing mobile and fixed network coverage and capacity, as well as to diversify our sources of cash flow.

On November 1, 2019, Cable Onda completed a bond debt offering under the Rule 144A and Regulation S, of \$600 million aggregate principal amount of 4.500% senior unsecured notes due January 30, 2030 (the "Notes). We used the net proceeds from the offering to partially finance the acquisition of Telefónica Panamá, to refinance debt, and for general corporate purposes. The Notes are listed on the Panama Stock Exchange and the on Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

The Notes were sold within the United States to qualified institutional buyers under Rule 144A and to certain non-U.S. persons in offshore transactions under Regulation S under the Securities Act.

## Results of operations

The following table sets forth certain income statement items and operating information for the periods or at the dates indicated:

(in thousands of \$) Years ended December, 31

	2020	2019	% Change
Revenue	587,912	472,091	24.5%
Costs and expenses	(508,836)	(366,501)	38.8%
Programming and operating costs	(136,021)	(103,416)	31.5%
Depreciation and amortization	(178,974)	(118,931)	50.5%
Personnel expenses	(69,753)	(63,040)	10.6%
General, sales and administrative expenses	(124,088)	(81,114)	53.0%
Income from operations	79,076	105,591	-25.1%
Financial expenses	(51,355)	(29,312)	75.2%
Profit before income tax	27,720	76,278	-63.7%
Income tax	(13,318)	(20,793)	-35.9%
Net Income	14,402	55,485	-74.0%
Attributable to:			
Owners of the Company	14,481	55,480	-73.9%
Non-controlling interest	(79)	5	NM
Operating Data (in thousands) except for ARPU's			
RGUs Cable and other fixed	1,028	946	8.2%
ARPU Cable and other fixed	45.7	46.6	-1.0%
Mobile Subscribers	1,957	N/A	NM
ARPU Mobile	9.1	N/A	NM

#### Revenue

Total revenue increased by 24.5%, or \$115.8 million, from \$472.1 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 to \$587.9 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020, primarily as a result of the acquisition completed during the fiscal year 2019 of GCD which generated \$227.0 million (for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020) from mobile communications services and sales of mobile devices.

Revenue from data transmission, Internet and data center increased by 0.4% for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020, while TV subscriptions revenue decreased by 13.2% and fixed-line services revenue fell by 15.0%. The decreases are mainly driven by the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak, which caused a decline in ARPU due to adjustments in customer bills.

Data transmission, internet and data center revenue accounted for 31.0% of total revenue in 2020, compared to 38.4% in 2019, while revenue from TV subscriptions accounted for 22.1% of total revenue in 2020, compared to 31.7% in 2019. Fixed-voice services revenue accounted for 6.4% of total revenue in 2020, compared to 9.4% in 2019. Mobile service revenue as a share of total revenue was 35.5% in 2020 and sale of mobile devices as a share of total revenue was 3.1% for the same period.

## Programming and operating costs

Programming and operating costs increased by 31.5% year over year, or \$32.6 million, from \$103.4 million to \$136.0 million, primarily as a result of the consolidation of selling costs of mobile equipment of \$21.7 million, as well as a \$22.6 million year over year increase in telephony cost, driven by the consolidation of mobile service revenue of \$208.5 million. As a percentage of revenue, 2020 programming and operating costs increased from 21.9% to 23.1%.

## Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization increased by 50.5% year over year, or \$60.0 million, to \$179.0 million from \$119.0 million. The increase was primarily as a result of an increase in amortization of intangible assets of \$22.0 million, property plant and equipment of \$28.4 million and right of use of \$9.6 million, mainly driven by the consolidation of GCD.

As part of the re-branding to Tigo and Tigo Business, a \$12.0 million amortization was made in 2020 to reflect the Telecarrier brand at its fair value. As a percentage of revenues, depreciation and amortization increased 5.2 percentage points from 25.2% in 2019 to 30.4% in 2020.

## Personnel expenses

Personnel expenses increased by 10.6%, or \$6.7 million, to \$69.8 million in 2020 from \$63.0 million in 2019. The increase was primarily a result of the consolidation of GCD payroll on the profit and loss statement. As a percentage of revenues, personnel expenses decreased 1.5%, from 13.4% in 2019 to 11.9% for 2020, as a result of the synergies obtained from the merger of GCD.

## General, sales and administrative expenses

General, sales and administrative expenses increased by 53.0%, or \$43.0 million, to \$124.0 million in 2020 from \$81.1 in 2019. The increase in general, sales and administrative expenses was mainly driven by the merger and acquisition costs related to the GCD transaction, as well as the consolidation of GCD figures on the profit and loss statement. As a percentage of revenues, general, sales and administrative expenses increased 3.9% from 17.2% in 2019 to 21.1% in 2020.

## **Income from operations**

Income from operations decreased by 25.1% or \$26.5 million year over year, for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020. This decrease is mainly driven by the \$60.0 million increase in depreciation and amortization expense, which includes the \$12.0 million fair value adjustment of the Telecarrier brand.

## Financial expense

Financial expense, which includes interest expense, net of interest income increased by 75.2%, or \$22.0 million, from \$29.3 million for 2019 to \$51.4 million for 2020. This increase was mainly driven by an increase in financial expenses related to the \$600 million bond issued in Q4 2019.

#### Income tax

Estimated Income tax expense was \$13.3 million, a decrease of 35.9%, or \$7.8 million, for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020 compared to the estimated income tax of \$20.8 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019. This is due mainly to a lower profit before income from operation, which declined from \$76.3 million in 2019 to \$27.7 million in 2020. The statutory tax rate for Panama is 25%.

#### Net income

As a result of the foregoing, net income for twelve months ended December 31, 2020 was \$14.4 million, a 74.0% decrease compared with our income of \$55.5 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019. As shown above, the main drivers are: the increase in revenue of \$115.8 million, the increase in cost and expenses of \$142.3 million, and the increase in financial expenses due to debt issued for the acquisition of GCD of \$22.0 million.

#### Liquidity and capital resources

Historically we have relied primarily on cash from operations and external bond and bank financings to fund our operations, capital expenditures and working capital requirements. We intend to continue to rely on these funding sources going forward.

We believe that our sources of liquidity are sufficient for our present requirements for the next 12 months. Although we believe that we should be able to meet our debt service obligations and fund our operating requirements in the future through cash flow from our operations, we may seek additional financing in the capital markets from time to time, depending on market conditions and our financial requirements. We intend to continue to focus on investments in property, systems and equipment (fixed assets) and working capital management, including the timely collection of accounts receivable and efficient management of accounts payable.

#### Capital expenditures

Our capital expenditures on property, plant and equipment for the period ended December 31, 2020 were \$117.7 million, mostly driven by investments in customer premise equipment (CPE) installation cost, IT equipment and core network expansion which totaled \$107.2 million.

## Cash flows

The table below sets forth our cash flows for the periods indicated:

## (in thousands of \$)

## Twelve months ended December, 31

	2020	2019	% Change
Net cash provided by operating activities	206,309	166,306	24.1%
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(117,727)	(685,711)	-82.8%
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(64,428)	573,613	-111.2%
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	24,154	54,208	-55.4%
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	84,847	60,693	39.8%

## Twelve months ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

For 2020, cash provided by operating activities was \$206.3 million compared to \$166.3 million in 2019. The increase was mainly due to strict cash management policies put in place by company in other to mitigate liquidity risk derivate from the COVID-19 outbreak. As reflected on accounts payable line of the cash flow statement, the company had a positive impact of \$28.7 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020, compared to a negative impact of \$17.2 million for the twelve months ended Dec 31, 2019.

For 2020, cash used in investing activities was \$117.7 million compared to \$685.7 million used in 2019. The change is mainly due to the acquisition GCD in Q3 2019.

For 2020, cash provided by financing activities was negative \$64.4 million compared to a positive \$573.6 million used in financing activities in 2019. The decrease in cash provided by financing activities during 2020 is mainly due to the \$600 million bond issuance in Q4 2019.

For 2020, cash and cash equivalents increased by \$24.2 million. We had closing cash of \$84.8 million as of December 31, 2020, compared to \$60.7 million as of December 31, 2019, mainly driven by greater cash flows coming from operating activities and higher cash reserves at the beginning of 2020 of \$61.0 million vs \$6.5 million at the beginning of 2019.