

## Non-IFRS Measures

This press release contains financial measures not prepared in accordance with IFRS. These measures are referred to as “non-IFRS” measures and include: non-IFRS service revenue, non-IFRS EBITDA, and non-IFRS Capex, among others defined below. Annual growth rates for these non-IFRS measures are often expressed in organic constant currency terms to exclude the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates, the adoption of new accounting standards, and are proforma for material changes in perimeter due to acquisitions and divestitures. The non-IFRS financial measures are presented in this press release as Millicom’s management believes they provide investors with an additional information for the analysis of Millicom’s results of operations, particularly in evaluating performance from one period to another. Millicom’s management uses non-IFRS financial measures to make operating decisions, as they facilitate additional internal comparisons of Millicom’s performance to historical results and to competitors’ results, and provides them to investors as a supplement to Millicom’s reported results to provide additional insight into Millicom’s operating performance. Millicom’s Remuneration Committee uses certain non-IFRS measures when assessing the performance and compensation of employees, including Millicom’s executive directors.

The non-IFRS financial measures used by Millicom may be calculated differently from, and therefore may not be comparable to, similarly titled measures used by other companies - refer to the section “Non-IFRS Financial Measure Descriptions” for additional information. In addition, these non-IFRS measures should not be considered in isolation as a substitute for, or as superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with IFRS, and Millicom’s financial results calculated in accordance with IFRS and reconciliations to those financial statements should be carefully evaluated.

The following changes were made to some definitions of the Group’s non-IFRS financial measures as disclosed in the 2022 Annual Report: the definition of ‘EBITDA after leases’ has changed from lease cash payments to income statement line items (interest expense and depreciation charge). This does not change the manner in which we calculate Equity Free Cash Flow, but aligns our calculation for leverage purposes with peers. The definition of Net Debt has changed to include derivative financial instruments in order to have a more comprehensive view of our financial obligations. Finally, Home ARPU has changed to include equipment rental in our Home revenue, as these are long-term payment plans.

### Non-IFRS Financial Measure Descriptions

**Service revenue** is revenue related to the provision of ongoing services such as monthly subscription fees for mobile and broadband, airtime and data usage fees, interconnection fees, roaming fees, mobile finance service commissions and fees from other telecommunications services such as data services, short message services, installation fees and other value-added services excluding telephone and equipment sales.

**EBITDA** is operating profit excluding impairment losses, depreciation and amortization, and gains/losses on fixed asset disposals.

**EBITDA after Leases (EBITDAaL)** represents EBITDA after lease expense and depreciation charge.

**EBITDA Margin** represents EBITDA in relation to Revenue.

**Organic growth** represents year-on-year growth excluding the impact of changes in FX rates, perimeter, and accounting. Changes in perimeter are the result of acquisitions and divestitures. Results from divested assets are immediately removed from both periods, whereas the results from acquired assets are included in both periods at the beginning (January 1) of the first full calendar year of ownership.

**Net debt** is Debt and financial liabilities, including derivative instruments (assets and liabilities), less cash and pledged and time deposits.

**Net financial obligations** is Net debt plus lease liabilities.

**Leverage** is the ratio of net financial obligations over LTM (Last twelve month) EBITDA, proforma for acquisitions made during the last twelve months.

**Leverage after leases** is the ratio of net debt over LTM (Last twelve month) EBITDA after leases, proforma for acquisitions and disposals made during the last twelve months.

**Capex** is balance sheet capital expenditure excluding spectrum and license costs and lease capitalizations.

**Cash Capex** represents the cash spent in relation to capital expenditure, excluding spectrum and licenses costs.

**Operating Cash Flow (OCF)** is EBITDA less Capex.

**Operating Free Cash Flow (OFCF)** is EBITDA, less cash capex, less spectrum paid, working capital and other non-cash items, and taxes paid.

**Equity Free Cash Flow (EFCF)** is OFCF less finance charges paid (net), lease interest payments, lease principal repayments, and

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advances for dividends to non-controlling interests, plus cash repatriation from joint ventures and associates.

**Operating Profit After Tax** displays the profit generated from the operations of the company after statutory taxes.

**Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)** is used to assess the Group's efficiency at allocating the capital under its control to and is defined as Operating Profit After Tax divided by the average invested Capital during the period.

**Average Invested Capital** is the capital invested in the company operation throughout the year and is calculated with the average of opening and closing balances of the total assets minus current liabilities (excluding debt, joint ventures, accrued interests, deferred and current tax, cash as well as investments and non-controlling interests), less assets and liabilities held for sale.

**Average Revenue per User per Month (ARPU)** for our Mobile customers is (x) the total mobile and mobile financial services revenue (excluding revenue earned from tower rentals, call center, data and mobile virtual network operator, visitor roaming, national third parties roaming and mobile telephone equipment sales revenue) for the period, divided by (y) the average number of mobile subscribers for the period, divided by (z) the number of months in the period. We define ARPU for our Home customers as (x) the total Home revenue (excluding equipment sales and TV advertising) for the period, divided by (y) the average number of customer relationships for the period, divided by (z) the number of months in the period. ARPU is not subject to a standard industry definition and our definition of ARPU may be different from other industry participants.

*Please refer to our 2022 Annual Report for a list and description of non-IFRS measures.*

## Non-IFRS Reconciliations

### Reconciliation from Reported Growth to Organic Growth for the Group

(\$ millions)	Revenue	Service Revenue	EBITDA	OCF
	Q1 2023	Q1 2023	Q1 2023	Q1 2023
A- Current period	1,369	1,264	507	322
B- Prior year period	1,408	1,300	564	365
<b>C- Reported growth (A/B)</b>	<b>(2.8)%</b>	<b>(2.7)%</b>	<b>(10.0)%</b>	<b>(11.7)%</b>
D- Perimeter	—%	—%	—%	2.3%
E- FX and other	(5.0)%	(5.0)%	(3.8)%	(6.0)%
<b>F- Organic Growth (C-D-E)</b>	<b>2.2%</b>	<b>2.2%</b>	<b>(6.2)%</b>	<b>(7.9)%</b>

Capex in Q1 2022 included \$8 million of capex related to our Africa operations, which are adjusted for in the OCF perimeter line.

\*Organic growth calculated by re-basing all periods to the budget FX rates of the current year. This creates small differences captured in "Other". Capex included in OCF is assumed to be in USD and is not rebased.

### Reconciliation of Net financial obligations to EBITDA as of March 31, 2023

Debt Information - March 31, 2023	Financial obligations				EBITDA	Leverage
	Gross	Derivative Financial Instruments	Less: Cash	Net		
\$ millions						
<b>Millicom Group (IFRS)</b>	<b>7,872</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>904</b>	<b>7,009</b>	<b>2,172</b>	<b>3.23x</b>

### EBITDA after Leases reconciliation

EBITDA after Leases Reconciliation	Q1 2023	Q4 2022	Q3 2022	Q2 2022
EBITDA	507	548	539	577
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	(42)	(42)	(42)	(41)
Interest expense on leases	(29)	(29)	(31)	(33)
<b>EBITDA after Leases</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>476</b>	<b>467</b>	<b>503</b>

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## One-off Summary - Items above EBITDA

2023 (\$ millions)	Q1 2023		Comment (Q1 2023)
	Revenue	EBITDA	
Colombia	—	(7)	Everest restructuring
Panama	—	(1)	Everest restructuring
Paraguay	—	(1)	Everest restructuring
Corporate	—	(6)	Everest restructuring
<b>Group Total</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>(15)</b>	

## ARPU reconciliations

Mobile ARPU Reconciliation	Q1 2023	Q1 2022
Mobile service revenue (\$m)	721	737
Mobile Service revenue (\$m) from non-Tigo customers (\$m) *	(12)	(11)
Mobile Service revenue (\$m) from Tigo customers (A)	709	726
Mobile customers - end of period (000)	40,565	39,956
Mobile customers - average (000) (B) **	40,570	39,879
Mobile ARPU (USD/Month) (A/B/number of months)	5.8	6.1

\* Refers to production services, MVNO, DVNO, equipment rental revenue, call center revenue, national roaming, equipment sales, visitor roaming, tower rental, DVNE, and other non-customer driven revenue.

\*\* Average QoQ for the quarterly view is the average of the last quarter.

Home ARPU Reconciliation	Q1 2023	Q1 2022
Home service revenue (\$m)	379	398
Home service revenue (\$m) from non-Tigo customers (\$m) *	(7)	(8)
Home service revenue (\$m) from Tigo customers (A)	372	390
Customer Relationships - end of period (000) **	4,776	4,762
Customer Relationships - average (000) (B) ***	4,793	4,733
Home ARPU (USD/Month) (A/B/number of months)	25.9	27.5

Beginning in Q1 2023 the calculation of Home ARPU now includes equipment rental.

\* TV advertising, production services, equipment rental revenue, call center revenue, equipment sales and other non customer driven revenue.

\*\* Represented by homes connected all technologies (HFC/FTTH + Other Technologies + DTH & Wimax RGUs).

\*\*\* Average QoQ for the quarterly view is the average of the last quarter.

## OCF (EBITDA- Capex) Reconciliation

Group OCF	Q1 2023	Q1 2022
EBITDA	507	564
(-)Capex (Ex. Spectrum)	185	199
<b>OCF</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>365</b>

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## Capex Reconciliation

Capex Reconciliation	Q1 2023	Q1 2022
<b>Consolidated:</b>		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	154	159
Additions to licenses and other intangibles	302	129
<i>Of which spectrum and license costs</i>	271	88
<b>Total consolidated additions</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>288</b>
<i>Of which capital expenditures related to headquarters</i>	1	2

## Foreign Exchange rates

		Average FX rate (vs. USD)					End of period FX rate (vs. USD)				
		Q1 23	Q4 22	QoQ	Q1 22	YoY	Q1 23	Q4 22	QoQ	Q1 22	YoY
Bolivia	BOB	6.91	6.91	0.0%	6.91	0.0%	6.91	6.91	0.0%	6.91	0.0%
Colombia	COP	4,719	4,743	0.5%	3,906	(17.2)%	4,627	4,810	4.0%	3,748	(19.0)%
Costa Rica	CRC	567	615	8.4%	651	14.8%	546	602	10.3%	667	22.2%
Guatemala	GTQ	7.83	7.85	0.3%	7.70	(1.6)%	7.80	7.85	0.6%	7.68	(1.6)%
Honduras	HNL	24.64	24.70	0.3%	24.50	(0.6)%	24.64	24.66	0.1%	24.43	(0.9)%
Nicaragua	NIO	36.30	36.14	(0.4)%	35.61	(1.9)%	36.35	36.23	(0.3)%	35.69	(1.8)%
Paraguay	PYG	7,269	7,232	(0.5)%	6,966	(4.2)%	7,195	7,346	2.1%	6,930	(3.7)%

## Equity Free Cash Flow Reconciliation

Cash Flow Data	Q1 2023	Q1 2022
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>268</b>
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(228)	(196)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	3	4
Purchase of intangible assets	(64)	(84)
Purchase of spectrum and licenses	(53)	(30)
Proceeds from sale of intangible assets	—	—
Finance charges paid, net	157	140
<b>Operating free cash flow</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>101</b>
Interest (paid), net	(157)	(140)
Lease Principal Repayments	(40)	(44)
<b>Free cash flow</b>	<b>(180)</b>	<b>(83)</b>
Repatriation from joint ventures and associates	48	14
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	—	—
<b>Equity free cash flow</b>	<b>(133)</b>	<b>(69)</b>
Less: Equity free cash flow - Africa	—	(7)
<b>Equity free cash flow - excluding Africa</b>	<b>(133)</b>	<b>(63)</b>